## Monday 16 June 2014 - Morning

## A2 GCE MATHEMATICS

## 4735/01 Probability \& Statistics 4

## QUESTION PAPER

Candidates answer on the Printed Answer Book.
OCR supplied materials:

- Printed Answer Book 4735/01
- List of Formulae (MF1)

Other materials required:

- Scientific or graphical calculator


## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

These instructions are the same on the Printed Answer Book and the Question Paper.

- The Question Paper will be found inside the Printed Answer Book.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the Printed Answer Book. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided in the Printed Answer Book. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer all the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Do not write in the bar codes.
- You are permitted to use a scientific or graphical calculator in this paper.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures unless a different degree of accuracy is specified in the question or is clearly appropriate.


## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

This information is the same on the Printed Answer Book and the Question Paper.

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question on the Question Paper.
- You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 72.
- The Printed Answer Book consists of 12 pages. The Question Paper consists of $\mathbf{4}$ pages. Any blank pages are indicated.


## INSTRUCTIONTO EXAMS OFFICER/INVIGILATOR

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1 A teacher believes that the calculator paper in a GCSE Mathematics examination was easier than $t$. non-calculator paper. The marks of a random sample of ten students are shown in the table.

| Student | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mark on paper 1 (non-calculator) | 66 | 79 | 58 | 87 | 67 | 55 | 75 | 62 | 50 | 84 |
| Mark on paper 2 (calculator) | 57 | 84 | 70 | 90 | 75 | 42 | 82 | 72 | 65 | 82 |

(i) Use a Wilcoxon signed-rank test, at the 5\% significance level, to test the teacher's belief.
(ii) State the assumption necessary for this test to be applied.

2 During an outbreak of a disease, it is known that $68 \%$ of people do not have the disease. Of people with the disease, $96 \%$ react positively to a test for diagnosing it, as do $m \%$ of people who do not have the disease.
(i) In the case $m=8$, find the probability that a randomly chosen person has the disease, given that the person reacts positively to the test.
(ii) What value of $m$ would be required for the answer to part (i) to be 0.95 ?

3 The discrete random variable $X$ has probability generating function $\frac{t}{a-b t}$, where $a$ and $b$ are constants.
(i) Find a relationship between $a$ and $b$.
(ii) Use the probability generating function to find $\mathrm{E}(X)$ in terms of $a$, giving your answer as simply as possible.
(iii) Expand the probability generating function as a power series, as far as the term in $t^{3}$, giving the coefficients in terms of $a$ and $b$.
(iv) Name the distribution for which $\frac{t}{a-b t}$ is the probability generating function, and state its parameter(s) in terms of $a$.

4 The continuous random variable $X$ has probability density function

$$
\mathrm{f}(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{cl}
x & 0 \leqslant x \leqslant 1 \\
2-x & 1 \leqslant x \leqslant 2 \\
0 & \text { otherwise }
\end{array}\right.
$$

(i) Show that the moment generating function of $X$ is $\frac{\left(\mathrm{e}^{t}-1\right)^{2}}{t^{2}}$.
$Y_{1}$ and $Y_{2}$ are independent observations of a random variable $Y$. The moment generating function of $Y_{1}+Y_{2}$ is $\frac{\left(\mathrm{e}^{t}-1\right)^{2}}{t^{2}}$.
(ii) Write down the moment generating function of $Y$.
(iii) Use the expansion of $\mathrm{e}^{t}$ to find $\operatorname{Var}(Y)$.
(iv) Deduce the value of $\operatorname{Var}(X)$.

5 Two discrete random variables $X$ and $Y$ have a joint probability distribution defined by

$$
\mathrm{P}(X=x, Y=y)=a(x+y+1) \quad \text { for } x=0,1,2 \text { and } y=0,1,2
$$

where $a$ is a constant.
(i) Show that $a=\frac{1}{27}$.
(ii) Find $\mathrm{E}(X)$.
(iii) Find $\operatorname{Cov}(X, Y)$.
(iv) Are $X$ and $Y$ independent? Give a reason for your answer.
(v) Find $\mathrm{P}(X=1 \mid Y=2)$.

6 A Wilcoxon rank-sum test with samples of sizes 11 and 12 is carried out.
(i) What is the least possible value of the test statistic $W$ ?
(ii) The null hypothesis is that the two samples came from identical populations. Given that the null hypothesis was rejected at the $1 \%$ level using a 2-tail test, find the set of possible values of $W$.

7 The continuous random variable $X$ has probability density function

$$
\mathrm{f}(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{cl}
\frac{k}{(x+\theta)^{5}} & \text { for } x \geqslant 0 \\
0 & \text { otherwise }
\end{array}\right.
$$

where $k$ is a positive constant and $\theta$ is a parameter taking positive values.
(i) Find an expression for $k$ in terms of $\theta$.
(ii) Show that $\mathrm{E}(X)=\frac{1}{3} \theta$.

You are given that $\operatorname{Var}(X)=\frac{2}{9} \theta^{2}$. A random sample $X_{1}, X_{2}, \ldots, X_{n}$ of $n$ observations of $X$ is obtained. The estimator $T_{1}$ is defined as $T_{1}=\frac{3}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_{i}$.
(iii) Show that $T_{1}$ is an unbiased estimator of $\theta$, and find the variance of $T_{1}$.
(iv) A second unbiased estimator $T_{2}$ is defined by $T_{2}=\frac{1}{3}\left(X_{1}+3 X_{2}+5 X_{3}\right)$. For the case $n=3$, which of $T_{1}$ and $T_{2}$ is more efficient?

## END OF QUESTION PAPER

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